CALGARY LIVESTOCK EXCHANGE MAKES WAR ON POOL

See page 8.

THE U.F.A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF
THE UNITED FARMERS of ALBERTA

Vol. V. CALGARY, ALBERTA, MAY, 1, 1926 No. 13

Are We Ready to Shoulder Responsibilities of Democratic Citizenship in the Coming Provincial Election?

Stimulus of Novelty of Our First Step in Democratic Political Action in 1921 Must Be Replaced By Other and Deeper Incentives—Three Necessary Elements in Social Reform Movement Which Hopes for Permanence—Are We Capable of Sustained Effort?

By PRESIDENT WOOD

In the article below, President Wood issues a rousing call to action by all members and all branches of the Association, in preparation for the forthcoming Provincial General Election. The zeal with which political activities are carried on by the membership in this election, he states, will depend upon incentives to action of a deeper sort than the first enthusiasm, largely due to the novelty of our undertaking, which was the driving force of the movement in the election of 1921.

Calling attention to the fact that the financing of political parties by outside interests has always been condemned by our organization as an outstanding evil of the party system, President Wood points out that although this evil is just as glaring as it ever was, there is today among the membership, an apparent lack of understanding of the necessity of providing the comparatively small funds necessary for the carrying on of political activities in the democratic way. He urges the membership in all parts of the Province to give their most careful attention and devote their best energies to the perfecting of the democratic machinery which they control.

Seven years ago the United Farmers of Alberta decided to enter the political field as an organized group. The fact of our being an organized group was incidental, rather than fundamental, in our decision. The thing that was fundamental in deciding the farmers of Alberta to put representatives in the Legislature and Parliament, was that we had a common interest we wanted represented. On account of our environment and lack of cohesion, to obtain this representation would have been impossible without systematic organization; especially would it have been impossible for us to select these representatives in a purely democratic way without systematic organization. The organization that we possessed at that time, together with our inherent common interest, made it possible to enter the political field as we did.

ARE WE READY TO MEET RESPONSIBILITY AGAIN?

In July, 1921, we made our first attempt, and so far as I am aware, it was the first attempt ever made by any considerable group of people, to carry on political activities in a purely democratic way. Some time during the coming summer we will be called on to face a Provincial election for a second time. We should be in a much better position to meet that responsibility than we were five years ago. But are we?

The answer to the above question necessitates a close analysis of the present condition of the organization, the spirit of the membership, and the value they place on their citizenship rights and responsibilities, as compared with the whole situation five years ago.

EMERGED FROM CONDITION OF SORDID HOPELESSNESS

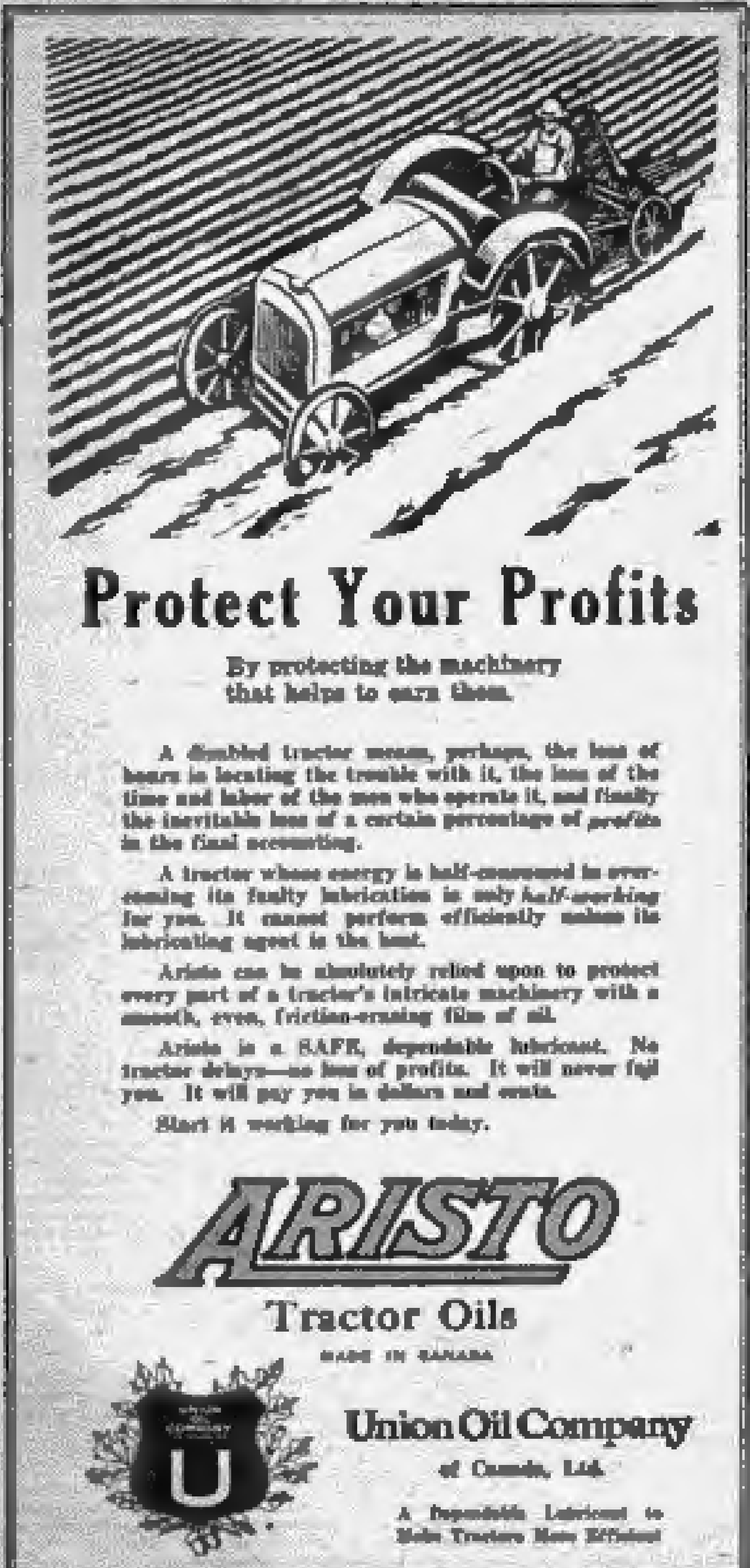
Five years ago our membership had just emerged from a condition of sordid hopelessness regarding the political situation and political institutions. They had long felt that the results of the exercise of their franchise were entirely unsatisfactory, and many of them had become extremely pessimistic in regard to the political future; but when they saw that the decision of the U. F. A. as expressed at the Annual Convention of 1919, gave them an opportunity to exercise their citizenship rights in their own way, in the selection and election of their own representatives, they were very enthusiastic in taking advantage of this first opportunity to see whether or not it could be done successfully. They went into the campaign of 1921 with great enthusiasm. The novelty of doing this thing for the first time and the anxiety of our membership to prove that it could be done successfully, added immensely to that enthusiasm. The work was zealously carried forward everywhere, and the results fully demonstrated what could be done.

At the present time we know that it can be done and we know how to do it, but the novelty of doing it no longer exists and that of itself was a great stimulus to action. That stimulus having lost its effect, it behooves every voter who is in any way interested in social development and social progress to quietly take stock of the situation, with a view to finding where citizenship duty lies, and the best way of meeting citizenship responsibility.

NO IMPORTANT REFORM BY ONE EFFORT

I think perhaps the first and most important consideration preparatory to this stock-taking, is a full understanding of the fact that no important reform can be established by one effort. This has been proven true, especially in past efforts at political reform, many of which have been made through the medium of mass movements by farmers. After a first, concerted effort, however, disintegration invariably sets in. This, of course, was the direct result of a fatal error at the beginning; viz., inaugurating the reform movement on a wrong basis; past failures the result of efforts to reform

(Continued on page 5)



Protect Your Profits

By protecting the machinery
that helps to earn them.

A disabled tractor means, perhaps, the loss of hours in locating the trouble with it, the loss of the time and labor of the men who operate it, and finally the inevitable loss of a certain percentage of *profits* in the final accounting.

A tractor whose energy is half-consumed in overcoming its faulty lubrication is only *half-working* for you. It cannot perform efficiently unless its lubricating agent is the best.

Aristo can be absolutely relied upon to protect every part of a tractor's intricate machinery with a smooth, even, friction-erasing film of oil.

Aristo is a SAFE, dependable lubricant. No tractor delays—no loss of profits. It will never fail you. It will pay you in dollars and cents.

Start it working for you today.

ARISTO
Tractor Oils
MADE IN CANADA

Union Oil Company
of Canada, Ltd.

A Dependable Lubricant to
Make Tractors More Efficient

Athabasca Fund Now Nearly $500

The total receipts to the Athabasca "Case" Pool Fund, received up to April 27th, is $475.12. Money is urgently needed and a much larger sum than has yet been received will be required to meet the situation. Contributions should be forwarded to Central Office. The object of the proceedings which have been instituted in Athabasca is to put an end to corruption in public life, by proving that wrong doing cannot be made to pay in public life in Alberta.

Receipts to the fund are acknowledged below:

Previously acknowledged	$151.49	
Standard 489	15.00	
Mr. Rasmussen	5.00	
Wetaskiwin U. F. W. A. 105	10.00	
Deerdale 753	1.00	
Elk Point 144	12.00	
Silver 362	5.00	
Collholme 668	5.00	
J. Johnson, Tofield	5.00	
Wide Awake 600	5.00	
Mapletine 641	5.00	
Lake Thelma 286	5.00	
Olds 11	5.00	
Daisy 668	4.00	
Utopia 303	5.50	
Calahoo 504	5.00	
Milo 713	5.00	
Clairmont Lake 56	13.00	
Birch View 378	5.00	
A. E. Moog, Bowden	.25	
Asker U. F. A. and U. F. W. A.	7.53	
Iron Creek 817	3.75	
Garden Plain 550	2.65	
George 67	4.00	
Frank Shepersky and Leon Colomb, Cold Lake	5.00	
Broadview 1143	5.00	
Linda 685	5.00	
M. C. Patterson, Puffer	1.00	
White Swan 54	3.50	
Calumet 974	4.75	
East Calgary Federal C. A.	15.00	
Atlas 544	2.75	
D. M. Drinnan, [illegible]	2.00	
J. O. Loughlin	2.00	
Mrs. Burton and Mrs. Stevenson (Renfrew U. F. W. A.)	.50	
[illegible] 495	5.00	
La Corey 468	10.00	
T. A. Billings, Rimbey	1.00	
Nakamun 1039	3.50	
A Friend, Consort	1.00	
Warden, 767	5.00	
Earlie 567	2.50	
McCafferty 416	5.00	
Poplar Grove 390	5.00	
Olds U. F. W. A. 174	5.00	
Verdun 1065	2.50	
Horseshoe 1513	5.00	
Chain Lakes 682	5.00	
Quinto 175	2.75	
Kirriemuir 969	5.00	
Waterhole 280	10.00	
Louise Lake 521	11.75	
Viking 413	3.50	
T. Gullickson, Erskine	1.00	
E. O. Legland, [illegible]	1.00	
Crooked Lake 565	4.50	
		$430.47

Received by Harold King, secretary of Athabasca Federal Constituency Association, up to April 26th:

A. J. J. Homer, Coronado	2.50	
James Fulks, Egremont	.50	
Mrs. O. Bottolfs	.50	
Carl Bottolfs	.50	
J. J. O'Brien	1.00	
Alex. Koshan	2.00	
P. Fulks	1.00	
Warspite 736	12.00	
Chas. Tillipaugh, [illegible]	1.00	
F. H. Perley	1.00	
Austin Howard	1.00	
Mrs. Gillings, Sr., Egremont	1.00	
		44.65
		$475.12

SUBSCRIPTIONS
One Year ....[illegible]
Single Copies ....10 cents

Make remittances by money order or postal note. We cannot accept responsibility for currency forwarded through the mail.

Change of Address—When ordering a change of address, the former as well as the present address should be given; otherwise the alteration cannot be made.

CIRCULATION
Average paid circulation
Average 6 months ending March 31 .. [illegible]

THE
U.F.A.

Published by
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA
LOUGHEED BUILDING
CALGARY - ALBERTA
Editor:
W. NORMAN SMITH

ADVERTISING
Commercial Display....[illegible] per agate line ([illegible] per inch)
Livestock Display....(rates on application)
Classified..............[illegible] per word prepaid
No discount for time or space.

New copy must reach us 6 days in advance of publication to ensure insertion.
No advertisements taken for liquor, or speculative investment schemes. None other than reliable advertisements will be knowingly accepted. Readers will confer a favor by advising us promptly of unsatisfactory dealings with advertisers.

Vol. V. CALGARY, ALBERTA, MAY 1, 1926 No. 13

PRINCIPAL CONTENTS

PAGE
Are We Ready to Shoulder Responsibilities in Election? 1
Athabasca Fund Now Nearly $500 2
Editorial 3
Budget on Whole Commands Support of Farmer Members 4
War Declared on Co-operative Livestock Pool 6
Brooding and Feeding Chicks by Efficient Methods 7
Efficiency in Administration and Honesty of Purpose 8
Is Telephone System Worth Saving? 10
Albertan Offers Weak Defence of Gross Misuse of Figures 14
To Secure Class "B" Creamery, Monitor 15
News of the Organization 15
Dewberry Votes $75 to Election Fund 15
U. F. A. Government Steadily Eradicating Weeds and Waste 16
Resolution of Hudson Heights Deficient in Logic 16
Taxes on Autos Are Reduced by Budget 18

EDITORIAL

HAVE YOU REMITTED DUES?

In order that all paid-up members may receive their copies of "The U. F. A." without delay, secretaries are urged to remit dues on hand to Central Office promptly, and at the same time to send in a list of those who are entitled to receive the paper. It is laid down in the Constitution that "the Local shall make payment of all membership fees owing the Association promptly and **at least once every three months.**"

The co-operation of all Local officers in this matter will be much appreciated. It is to be desired that all renewals shall be paid in as rapidly as possible, and that at the same time every effort should be made to secure new members.

* * *

AN INFAMOUS PROPAGANDA

Under the heading "Canadian Millers Receive Powerful Support From the West", the Canadian Milling and Grain Journal of Montreal publishes with unconcealed rejoicing the sympathetic editorials on the proposed wheat export duty from the Alberta Farmer and Calgary Weekly Herald. It is evident that this milling trade journal, which as the only millers' newspaper published in the Dominion, may quite fairly be regarded as the voice of the milling interests, regards the attitude which has been taken by the Alberta Farmer as highly encouraging.

The Canadian Milling and Grain Journal is not content, however, with an export duty on wheat manufactured in bond in the United States. Its editorials plainly indicate that the proposal now being advanced by the millers, is regarded only as a first step, and that the ultimate aim is the wholesale robbery of the Canadian farmers by the imposition of taxation which would prevent the exportation of wheat from the Dominion. It is also indicated just as plainly that the milling trade hopes to make use of political pressure to secure the enactment of its demands by the politicians at Ottawa.

In its February number, this milling journal complains somewhat peevishly that the Farmer members at Ottawa are opposed to the proposed export tax on the wheat growers' product, and hints very broadly that this resistance in Parliament must be overcome.

> **Looking beyond the smoke-screen of politics and prejudice (says the Canadian Milling and Grain Journal), the situation admits of one clear cut solution. THE WHOLE OF THE CANADIAN GRAIN CROPS SHOULD EVENTUALLY BE MANUFACTURED INTO THE FINISHED ARTICLE IN CANADA, AND EXPORTED TO FOREIGN MARKETS AS FLOUR. This is the ideal, and so far from being impossible of attainment through the accident of geography, IT IS AN IDEAL QUITE CAPABLE OF ACHIEVEMENT BY THE POWERS THAT BE AT OTTAWA. The whole of the profits of manufacture would then be retained in Canada . . . . Our slogan should be "CANADIAN MILLS FOR CANADA'S WHEAT."**

This means, if it means anything, that the whole of the exportable surplus of Canada's wheat must be held in Canada for the benefit of the Canadian millers, and that Parliament must be employed as the tool of the milling trade in the execution of the most outrageous form of wholesale robbery by legislation that has ever been seriously advanced. Any newspaper in any part of Canada which gives the slightest countenance to the export duty proposals, even though these proposals be confined for the time being to an export duty on wheat milled in bond in the United States, is giving countenance and encouragement to an infamous propaganda.

* * *

FARMERS SECURED REDUCTION OF AUTO TARIFF

Thanks to the fact that the Ottawa Government is dependent for its existence upon the Farmer, Labor and Independent members of the House of Commons, it has been possible to secure in the budget brought down last week some reforms of high value to the vast masses of the people.

The reduction in the tax on automobiles was included in the budget proposals on the direct recommendation of the Executive of the Farmer members. There can be no doubt whatever that this welcome reduction is due entirely to our Farmer representatives. In the last Parliament G. G. Coote made repeated but unsuccessful efforts, in behalf of the Farmer group, to secure a reduction. The reduction was one of the principal items in the Farmer members' program submitted to the Government, at the beginning of the present session. The influence of these members upon the budget proposals is to be seen also in one or two other directions.

The differentiation between earned and unearned incomes, though it has been observed in Great Britain for many years past, has been recognized in a Canadian budget for the first time. That is all to the good, as is the extension of the family allowances.

The general policy of reduction of the income tax, however, is regrettable. The heavy cuts made in the taxation of the super-rich is especially to be deplored. The taxes must come from some source, and an income tax, steeply graduated to bear most heavily upon those most able to bear it, would be the best of all taxes. The tariff and other indirect taxes all bear unfairly upon the masses of the people, since there can be no graduation according to the ability of the taxpayer to pay. The average citizen, however, pays enormous sums on practically every imported manufactured article which he buys, and because the tax is disguised, does not realize when he pays high prices, just how great a proportion of these prices represents taxation. That is another evil of indirect taxation, and a good reason why the income tax should be retained, as the fairest alternative.

* * *

The cost of a Ford touring car has been cut by $25 as a result of the reduction of the tariff, while on various other cars the reduction is lower. These reductions are directly due to the election of a group of Farmer members who hold the balance of power at Ottawa.

How much did you pay towards the cost of the last Federal election campaign? And how many times will your contribution be repaid in the reduction of the price of this one item of future expenditure?

* * *

When the new Alberta Liberal leader was proving by word and deed the futility of partyism, he received no more notice in the party press than the U. F. A. members who have remained true to independence of partyism did then or do now.

But when he suddenly discovered that the party system

(Continued on page 14)

Budget on Whole Commands Support of Farmer Members Though Some Features Do Not Arouse Enthusiam

Amendment to Soldiers' Settlement Act Passes Second Reading — Conservatives, With Some Exceptions, Treat Questions From Party Standpoint—Old Age Pensions Bill Likely to Pass the House of Commons

By G. G. COOTE, M.P.

OTTAWA, April 19.—After many weeks of tiresome debate, the House of Commons has settled down to work, and we are able to record some progress. Our group has done comparatively little talking this session. We did a good deal in the last Parliament. Now as a result of the co-operation between Liberal, Progressive, Farmer, Labor and Independent groups, legislation which we had been advocating for the past four years is coming before the House.

ANXIOUS TO PREVENT SERIOUS BUSINESS

Too much talk prevents legislation being passed. There is no doubt the Conservatives were anxious to prevent any business being transacted. Their flood of talk was mainly for that purpose. They wanted to show that the Government could not function. We are often tempted to reply to unfair criticism from the Conservative side of the House, but if we do it only helps to prolong discussion, and holds up the legislation which we are anxious to have passed.

AMENDMENT TO SOLDIER SETTLEMENT ACT

After a long debate, an amendment to the Soldier Settlement Act passed its second reading. This bill provides that any settler who has purchased land from the Soldier Settlement Board and is still residing on his farm and who believes that he paid an excessive price for it may appeal to the Board for a revaluation. Most of the discussion centred on that section of the bill covering the constitution of the Board of Arbitration. The Conservative leaders insisted that all appeals should be heard and decided by the judge of the district court, but after strong objection to this method had been registered by several Conservative members from Manitoba, the bill was allowed to go through. The bill now provides that in all cases the appeal shall be heard by an arbitration board consisting of the judge of the district court, one person representing the Soldier Settlement Board and one person representing the settler.

The Conservatives were responsible for the inauguration of the Soldier Settlement scheme. They admit that some system of revaluation is necessary if the settlers are to be retained on the land; yet the passage of the bill was held up for days by petty criticism from prominent members of the opposition. The speech of Colonel Mullins, Conservative member for Marquette, was a welcome change from the petty criticism of most of the Conservatives. I will quote just a few sentences from his remarks: "Anyway, I am not playing politics in this. I only want to play the game fair. I think the Minister has a bill which meets with the approval of the returned men and of the soldier settlers on the land who are asking for redress and for some assistance in the way of revaluation." Other Western Conservative members appeared to approach the matter with a non-partisan attitude which was very refreshing, after listening to the criticism of their leader.

As stated by Robert Gardiner, M.P., chairman of the U. F. A. group, in an interview recently published in this paper, the amendment of the Soldiers' Settlement Act, to provide fairer conditions for the settlers, was one of the items of legislation upon which the Farmer members insisted in their presentation to the Government of a program of desired legislation. The reduction of the tariff on automobiles was also secured by the Farmer members of the House, but this could not be announced by the Farmer group prior to the presentation of the budget. In the last Parliament, Mr. Coote moved in behalf of the Farmer group, to reduce the tariff on automobiles, but at that time the Government, which was not dependent for support upon the Farmer vote, was unsympathetic to the proposal. The Government having decided to reduce the income tax, the influence of the Farmer members is seen in the fact that the smaller incomes are given special consideration, and in the family allowances.

A. M. Boutillier, U. F. A. member for Vegreville, will contribute an Ottawa article to our next issue.

G. G. COOTE, M.P.

PENSIONS ACT TO PASS COMMONS

An Act to Provide for Old Age Pensions has been introduced and seems fairly sure of being passed by the House of Commons. Under its provisions persons seventy years of age who are Canadian citizens and who have resided in Canada for twenty years and who have not an income exceeding $125 per year, may receive a pension of $20 per month. The Dominion Government is to pay half the amount required for the pensions, the other half to be paid by the Province in which the applicant resides. It will only apply in such Provinces as pass the legislation necessary to bring it into force.

The House recently spent one whole day passing three items in the estimates of the Department of Agriculture. It must have been evident to anyone but a politician that some better way of discussing estimates should be found. I hope next year that Parliament will decide to send these estimates to the different select committees of the House, for discussion and approval, before coming to the House of Commons.

BUDGET BEFORE THE COMMONS

The annual budget was brought down on Thursday. We have not had time to analyze it carefully, but the financial statement as presented by Mr. Robb is quite encouraging. It shows a net reduction in the national debt during the year of $22,350,000. The National Railways have had the best year in their history. Their net earnings over all operating charges, exclusive of interest amount to $33,000,000. The annual interest charge is $71,800,000, of which $40,000,000 is payable on securities held by the public. The balance of $31,800,000 is held by the Government. The good showing of the National Railways last year is said to be due to the bountiful crop, but when the railway estimates are before the House, I have no doubt we will be told that our grain is hauled at a loss.

Other outstanding features of the budget are first,—the reduction of customs tariff on automobiles and motor trucks. The tariff on automobiles valued at not more than $1,200 and on all motor trucks and motorcycles is reduced from 35 per cent. to 20 per cent. Automobiles valued at more than $1,200 reduced from 35 per cent. to 27½ per cent. A drawback of 25 per cent. will be paid on materials used in the manufacture of above mentioned motor vehicles, provided that at least 50 per cent. of the cost of the finished article is produced in Canada.

The automobile manufacturers have raised a cry of blue ruin and the General Motors at Oshawa are reported to have closed their factory (this factory has since been reopened—Editor), in an attempt to sense the Government, but as statistics show that the total wages and salaries paid by the industry amount to only 16½ per cent. of the selling price of their product and they still have 20 per cent. protection, even on the low priced cars, there is no doubt about their ability to carry on their industry in Canada.

Mr. Robb announced a return to penny postage. After July 1st next letters will be carried for two cents instead of three, as at present.

REDUCTION OF INCOME TAX

The most interesting announcement to many people was the reduction of income tax. The principle of taxing incomes is economically sound. It is based on the tax payer's ability to pay and we think some of the other taxes might be reduced first. There has been so much propaganda in favor of reduction of this tax, that it was bound to come. There are, however, certain very welcome changes in regard to this tax. The act is now presented in a new and less complicated form, one which will make the tax easier to calculate. A distinction has been made between yearly earnings and income derived from investments. The increase in exemptions will be welcomed by a large number of taxpayers who have small incomes.

While there are certain things in the budget which we are not wildly enthusiastic about, I believe on the whole it is a budget which commands our support. One statement in Mr. Robb's budget speech, of much interest to Western Canada, was his reference to the increase of our exports of cattle to Great Britain since the removal of the embargo. Of course it was fortunate for us that the Old Country market was opened to our stocker cattle, but it would be difficult to convince some of the men who raised these cattle that they had made enough profit on the transaction to pay the expenses of Honorable Duncan Marshall, Honorable Manning Doherty, Honorable Robert Rogers and all the other numerous Honorable Gentlemen who claim the credit for removing the embargo in Great Britain.

U. S. MARKET STILL CLOSED

Meanwhile, the United States market is almost closed to us by a tariff of two cents a pound. The average value of cattle exported to the United States has dropped from $81 in 1915 and $63 in 1920 to $39 per head in 1924. If as much effort were made to secure free entry of our cattle to the United States, as was made to secure the removal of the British embargo, some improvement might be made in the situation. We have in Britain a Canadian High Commissioner, four Canadian trade agents and a special agricultural agent. We have no Canadian Ambassador at Washington and only one trade agent in the whole of the United States. One of our objectives is a Canadian Ambassador at Washington to assist in bringing about better trade relations between Canada and the United States. We also need more trade commissioners to promote trade between these two countries.

The next two weeks will likely be taken up with the discussion of the budget, so it will be about the first of May before we really begin again to make progress with our legislative program.

ARE WE READY TO SHOULDER RESPONSIBILITIES OF DEMOCRATIC CITIZENSHIP?

(Continued from page 1)

a wrong system. Reformation of a wrong thing is impossible. Real reform consists of eradicating wrong things and substituting right ones. We believe that we started on the right basis, by substituting a new political system for the old. We are convinced that the old system is wrong, and we still believe our new system is right.

There are three necessary elements that enter into social reform movements. One of these is the Right Basis, which we believe we have. The other two are: *Practical Methods* and *Sustained Effort*. We believe that so far, our methods of procedure have been entirely practical. This leaves the vital question of whether we shall go forward, or by inaction let disintegration set in. In other words, are we going to sustain our effort?

DEEPER INCENTIVES TO ACTION

Sustained effort through a long, continued process cannot be supported by continuous enthusiasm. In our political activities, regular periods of enthusiasm may and should occur, but the enthusiasm incident to the novelty of doing a thing for the first time can only occur once. The zeal with which we carry on our political activities in the coming election will depend primarily on other and deeper incentives to action. It will depend on our realization of citizenship responsibilities and the value we put on our opportunities.

If this citizenship consciousness has been growing and developing in us for the last five years, as it should, we will not only go forward with our work in the coming campaign, but will do so enthusiastically.

The first thing we should do is to refresh our minds on our responsibilities. All there is to be done in the campaign will have to be done by US. We have no political bosses to direct and take the responsibility for this work. It is OURS, from the very first move that is made in the selection of delegates to the Convention, till the election is over.

The machinery itself, for carrying on the work, is not by any means in the condition it should be. The Locals need reviving. There are evidences that this revival is taking place, but not to the extent that should be. Meetings of the Locals with full attendance should be held and the whole situation reviewed. Each Local should make a concerted effort to get in all available material for membership. Meetings of the smaller district organizations should be held and an inventory made of all Locals in the district and the condition of each one analyzed. There should be a concerted effort to revive dormant Locals, if any, and to assist the weaker ones. Each constituency organization should get together and thoroughly analyze the situation in the whole constituency, and perfect the best organization possible. The right kind of delegates should be selected in ample time. Each Local should attend to this and also provide for its part of the necessary finances.

FINANCES NECESSARY TO CARRY ON

One of the most disappointing and discouraging things in our whole political movement, is the seeming indifference on the part of the membership in providing sufficient finances to carry on. This is especially disappointing, as before we started our movement the financing of political parties by outside interests was condemned by the members of our organization as an outstanding evil of the party system. This evil is just as great and just as glaring as it ever was. We have reduced the necessary expenses of carrying on political activities to the minimum, to a mere pittance, and still there seems to be a lamentable indifference among a large number of our membership in providing this pittance. This is not only wrong, but it is dangerous. If we refuse to provide the necessary finances to carry on our movement, it will fail, or have to be financed from some other source. In the latter case, control and finance will come from the same source. We cannot escape the fact that we get what we pay for, and we pay for what we get.

There will be work from now until the election for everyone interested in our movement for better politics and better government. Everyone in the organization should do his part, the private members, the Local leaders, the district leaders, the constituency leaders and the Provincial leaders, should all work together systematically. This can be done by putting the machinery of the organization in working order and making it work. It can be done in no other way. The Local work will depend primarily on the Local workers. Their efforts, of course, can be supplemented by outside assistance, where that assistance is needed and available.

DEAD DEMOCRATS CANNOT FUNCTION

The work will be easy where the Local members have had enough citizenship interest to keep their Locals alive and at work, but where the individuals in the Locals have slept while the Local died the resurrection of the Local must await the reawakening of the individuals. Democracy must be carried on by living, awakened democrats. A dead democrat functions only when properly planted in a graveyard. He cannot function in vital democracy.

Are we dead? I do not believe it. Are we dying? I do not believe it. Are we asleep? Some of us have been, but we are already beginning to awaken, and when that process is complete, and our membership lined up in proper formation, we will represent the greatest organized democratic force that ever went into political action.

CALL TO ACTION HAS COME

The call to action has come. That call is to all of us collectively and to each individually. No one can force us, or any one of us to respond. The response must be voluntary. All democratic action is voluntary. The work itself is great, and the call urgent, and none can respond for us. What will the response be? It is up to you. It is up to me. Each must answer for himself. What will be YOUR answer?

SCAPA LOCAL FORMED

Fifteen members paid dues in the new Scapa Local, organized by J. K. Sutherland recently, in Hand Hills constituency. A. R. Hansen and J. B. Mackenzie were elected officers.

War Declared on Co-operative Livestock Pool By Calgary Livestock Exchange; License of U.L.G., Ltd., Suspended

Without Offering Any Complaint, Board Arbitrarily Suspends License—Pool Refuses to Reveal Its Business Affairs to Principal Trade Rivals—Pool Applies to Ottawa for Special License—Shippers Can Ship as Usual With Absolute Confidence—Powers of Provincial Government if Federal Government Fails

"BUSINESS AS USUAL"

Following the arbitrary action of the Calgary Livestock Exchange, in its war against the co-operative livestock marketing Pool, President C. Rice-Jones of the U. L. G. Ltd., announced on April 26th that whatever happens the company will be doing "business as usual." Important information for all U. L. G. shippers is given below.

War was declared on the Alberta Livestock Pool on April 26th, when the Calgary Livestock Exchange indefinitely suspended the license of the United Livestock Growers, Ltd., without offering any reason or preferring any charge whatsoever against the Pool.

This arbitrary action followed the refusal of the officers of the Pool to permit the representatives of three of the strongest rivals of the co-operative company (Mr. Parslow of the firm of Parslow & Denoon, Mr. Biggs of the Mayland Commission Company, and Mr. Furgeson of Adams, Wood & Weiller) to make an examination into all the books and records of the United Livestock Growers, Ltd.

The U. L. G., Ltd., have applied by wire to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for a special license under the Livestock and Livestock Products Act, for a limited period, pending an investigation by the Department into the action taken by the Calgary Exchange.

"BUSINESS AS USUAL", STATES U. L. G. PRESIDENT

The officers of the United Livestock Growers, Ltd., state with confidence, in a circular issued by C. Rice-Jones, president, "Whatever happens we will be doing business as usual. We have recently been handling nearly 50 per cent. of the livestock on the Calgary and Edmonton markets. Whatever steps are taken by our opposition, arrangements will be made to handle the stock received by us."

The demand for U. L. G., Ltd., to turn over its books for examination by three of its principal rivals was made on April 17th, when Messrs. Parslow, Biggs and Furgeson stated that they had been appointed by the directors of the exchange to make the inquiry, and at the same time declined to make any charge or complaint. President Rice-Jones promptly rejected the demand; his action was confirmed the same day by the Alberta section of the board of the U. L. G., consisting of Messrs. Claypool, McMillan and Stearns.

POOL REFUSES TO REVEAL AFFAIRS TO RIVALS

For this refusal to reveal the details of the business of the co-operative organization to its principal rivals, Wm. Southard, head salesman and manager of the Calgary office, who represents the company's membership on the exchange, was instructed to appear before the exchange directors on April 19th. The president again declined to give way, the reasons for this refusal to capitulate being given in the following letter from the president of the U. L. G. to the exchange, dated April 19th, to which the exchange has to date made no reply:

"The letter under date of the 19th inst. from the committee of investigation, signed by yourself, Mr. Biggs and Mr. Furgeson, has been referred to me this morning.

I understand from the officials of this company connected with the Calgary office that no intimation of any kind has been received from your organization suggesting the nature of any alleged infractions of your By-laws and Regulations, nor has any exception been taken to our method of trading on the yards. I cannot believe that the rules and regulations of the Exchange ever contemplated such an extraordinary procedure as to permit the appointment of a committee of representatives of competing firms, whose system of carrying on business is entirely different from ours, to have free access to our books and records without any intimation to us of the reason for such an investigation or the nature of any complaint made to the Exchange which has led to this demand.

Under the circumstances I must decline on behalf of this company to accede to the demand made in your letter.

Yours very truly,
UNITED LIVESTOCK GROWERS, LTD.
C. Rice-Jones, President.

SUSPENSION, BUT NO REPLY

Instead of replying to Mr. Rice-Jones' letter, the exchange wrote to the U.L.G. as follows:

"Take notice that at a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, the privileges of the Commission Merchants License which your firm holds from the Calgary Livestock Exchange, Limited, has been suspended indefinitely, commencing Monday morning, April 26th, 1926.

"You will please govern yourself accordingly.

"Yours truly,
"CALGARY LIVESTOCK EXCHANGE, LIMITED,
Per L. V. Parslow, President.
Jas. C. Paulin, Sec.-Treas.

Here again there was no charge made, and the Pool was sentenced and condemned without being informed of any complaint whatsoever.

"How long could the Wheat Pool or any other co-operative organization live if its opponents could walk into their office at any time and have free access to their books and records?" asks Mr. Rice-Jones in a statement issued on April 26th. "This would create an absolutely intolerable situation for any co-operative marketing organization, and I do not believe the producers of livestock in Alberta will stand for this kind of procedure.

"The course taken by the United Livestock Growers since the Committee of Investigation first appeared at their office on Saturday, the 17th, has been heartily and entirely approved by a meeting of the full Board of United Livestock Growers, Ltd., held in Calgary this morning. The Board of Directors wish to say to the Livestock Shipping Associations and producers whom they represent in Alberta that as far as they are concerned this is going to be a fight to the finish. They intend to find out whether they are running United Livestock Growers or the Directors of the Calgary Livestock Exchange.

"In the final analysis it is up to the pro- [illegible] to decide whether our course of action is justified or not and we are quite prepared to leave the decision in their hands. We have applied by wire to Ottawa for a special license which the Department of Agriculture can grant under the Livestock and Livestock Products Act. We have asked for this license for a limited period pending an investigation by the Department as to whether our actions have been justified."

OTTAWA FORBIDS WEIGHING FOR U. L. G.

On April 26th, the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa wired the manager of the Alberta Stockyards Company, instructing him not to weigh any livestock for the U. L. G.

"This need not in any way alarm shippers, however; the shipping associations and shippers can with confidence continue to send their stock forward to the United Livestock Growers, Calgary, as usual," was the definite assurance given by C. Rice-Jones, president of the United Livestock Growers, in an interview with "The U. F. A."

AT THE FULL MARKET PRICE

"All stock, whether cattle, hogs or sheep, will be settled for at the full market price, whether actually sold or not. Hogs that have been weighed at country points will be settled for on the basis of the country weights, less the average shrinkage from the shipping points. If no Government grader is available, they will be graded by our hog salesman, Alex. Beveridge. Hogs that have not been weighed at country points will be settled for on an off car basis, the off car weights being used, or the off car weights on all of them will be taken if preferable to the shipper. These weights will be procurable from the railway company.

"With regard to cattle, where it is not possible to make a sale, on account of buyers having been warned by the exchange to keep away from our alleys, the cattle will be marked up at the full market price after consultation with the shipper, and arrangements are under way for the weighing of these cattle elsewhere than on the stockyards. If the cattle shippers prefer, or if further obstacles are put in the way of weighing cattle, a liberal advance on the agreed value of the cattle will be made to the shippers, and final settlement will be made whenever weighing facilities are again available. In the case of it being necessary to hold the cattle, the hay bill after the first day will be paid by the selling agency.

"The board of directors feel that this is the organization's fight, and individual shippers will be absolutely protected against any loss. Whatever loss may occur will be borne by the organization as a whole. The gauntlet has been thrown down by the Calgary Livestock Exchange. We have taken up the challenge, absolutely confident that the final outcome will be complete victory.

"The present difficulty, I may say, is [illegible] common market."

George Hoadley, Provincial Minister of Agriculture, pointed out in an interview that the stockyards are at present regulated by the Federal Government, and the livestock exchanges are permitted to make their own regulations, which must be approved by the Federal Department of Agriculture. If regulation by the Dominion Government failed, however, as he had stated on another occasion in the Assembly, when an investigation into the operations of the live-stock yards was asked for in a motion by Messrs. Claypool and N. S. Smith, the Provincial Government has the right to wipe out the enabling legislation and take control of the situation itself.

COURT GRANTS INJUNCTION

Since the above was written and as we go to press an injunction has been granted in the Supreme Court of Alberta, against the Alberta Stockyards Company and the Calgary Livestock Exchange, restraining them from depriving the U. L. S. of its rights. Operations will therefore be carried on as usual. Further news next issue.—Editor.

Brooding and Feeding Chicks by the Most Efficient Modern Methods

Issued by the Alberta Egg and Poultry Pool

Brooding and feeding chicks today is a very different proposition to what it used to be a few years ago, when the only appliances available, except old Mother Hen, were the lamp burning portable hover, or the old fashioned box brooder, known to poultrymen of today as the "death trap." In those days only about 50 per cent. of all chicks hatched ever developed into profitable birds.

The coal burning brooder stove has taken the uncertainty out of the brooding problem, and any person with average intelligence can raise almost every chick to speedy maturity, by simply fitting up an unused granary, procuring a brooder stove of a reliable make, and following the manufacturer's directions.

SUITABLE SIZE OF BROODER HOUSE

A very suitable size of brooder house for from 200 to 400 chicks is 12x18, the 12 feet way to face south, which should have a door in one corner. The rest of this side should be tightly boarded up about 2 feet from the floor; above this should be glass windows 2 feet high, then cotton screens 2 feet, built on 1x2 frames, which should be hinged at the top to open inward on all fine days, to give chicks plenty of fresh air. Fresh air is very necessary. These screens should be closed at night; enough fresh air will come through the cotton during the night for ventilation.

Great care should be taken that there are no drafts. If lumber is not tight, cover with tarpaper and laths, always running paper up and down (not round the building), as it will hang better and make a tighter job. It is wise to lath it, and between the joists. Floor drafts are sure death to young chicks, so provide a space for the brooding compartment by lining up a space for the brooder stove two to three feet high on the inside of the building, to guard against floor drafts; then bend 1-2 inch lumber in the four corners to keep chicks from crowding therein (as per plan).

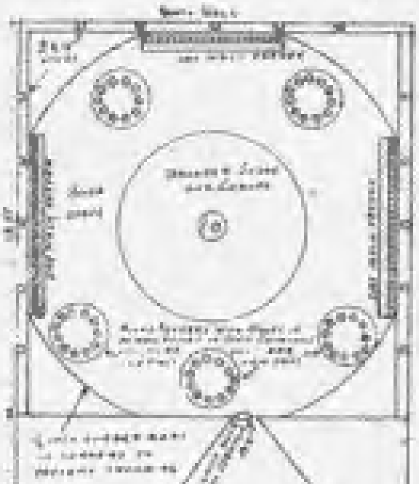
WILL ACCOMMODATE ABOUT 400 CHICKS

This floor plan of brooder house is 12x18 ft., equipped with the largest size brooder stove, rated by the manufacturers as the thousand or twelve hundred chick size. It will accommodate about 400 chicks from a day old to weaning time, when cockerels must be taken out and sold, or fattened for broilers.

All manufacturers of brooder stoves rate the capacity by the day old baby chicks they will accommodate. These figures should be halved, to give the maximum number of chicks they will accommodate to weaning age, or the age when they can get along without artificial heat (generally [illegible] weeks, according to weather conditions).

Hard coal being difficult to procure in Alberta, the large stove will prove more satisfactory than the smaller sizes, as it holds more soft coal and will hold fire longer. The extra cost is trifling, taking into consideration that with care brooder stove will last a lifetime.

It is wise for the beginner to hang an ordinary good house thermometer just at the edge of the hover, with bulb two inches from the floor, and keep it about 100 degrees the first few days until he or she gains experience in regulating the heat of the stove. Very soon one can tell by the action of the chicks round the hover if the temperature is correct. It is a safe plan to have a little too much heat for the first week to ten days, as heat is very necessary for the proper absorption of the yolk, which the chick takes into its body a few hours before it is hatched.



Always run the brooder stove two days before chicks are put in, to make sure it is running correctly.

BEST METHOD OF FEEDING BABY CHICKS

The dry deep litter method of feeding chicks is by far the safest, easiest, and cheapest way to raise the farm flock.

When chicks are from 48 to 60 hours old, take them from the incubator or chick boxes in which they have been shipped, dip each chick's beak in tepid water (not cold), allow each chick to take three or four swallows of water. Then put them down on the floor of the brooder or house on which has been scattered coarse sand, leave them on this sanded floor for half an hour (a chick's first food should be a little coarse sand). Then put over sand about one inch of litter. Fine cut alfalfa hay, or alfalfa leaves is by far the best, but fine cut wheat straw or chaff will do. Three times a day scatter a little granulated oatmeal into this litter to encourage chicks to scratch and exercise. After the first four or five days gradually change to a good brand of commercial chick grains.

Dry mash should be kept in hoppers before the chicks at all times from the start. It is safer to use a well known chick starter or chick mash for the first three or four weeks. Such are evenly balanced and ground very much finer than home mixed mashes, which is a very great advantage.

There are chick foods on the market which have been used with very excellent results; in fact large bunches of chicks have been raised to maturity with practically no mortality. Full feeding instructions are sent with each package. If one will give chicks a little intelligent care and follow these instructions, success is assured.

Sour skim milk, or buttermilk, should be before the chicks always in clean chick feeders, or a ten pound lard pail with a small hole at the top, then filled with milk and turned over into straight edged pie plate, or any other method which will keep chicks from getting wet.

WHEN TO LET CHICKS INTO SCRATCHING PEN

When chicks are from six to ten days old, let them out into the scratching pen, which is littered six to eight inches deep with cut straw or fine chaff in which has been buried fifty pounds of the fine chick grains. The chicks will be found busy all day digging away in this litter, thereby gaining exercise which is so necessary for proper development. As chicks have to work hard for all the grains they eat, there is no danger of over-eating.

Chicks should be let outside as soon as possible after the first week. It is wise to build a one inch wire run, coming to a point at the door by which chicks enter the brooder house to guide them back to the hover, to avoid chicks getting lost. Follow the rule with young chicks, "All roads lead to the hover." Cover the ground with oats in the outside run and dig them in. These will sprout and chicks will scratch and dig for the tender sprouts.

"DON'TS" FOR THE CHICKEN RAISER

Don't feed any wet or moistened food to chicks.

Don't feed hard boiled eggs until chicks are ten days old.

(Continued on page 14)

Efficiency in Administration Combined With Honesty of Purpose Revealed in Record of Recent Session

One of Shortest Sessions on Record Proves One of the Most Fruitful in Accomplishment for the Good of the Province—Review of the Work of the Session

By JOHN MACKENZIE

The 1926 session of the Alberta Legislative Assembly, while one of the shortest on record, has been one of the most fruitful in accomplishment for the good of the Province.

It has provided a splendid example of efficiency in administration combined with honesty of purpose.

Opposition critics have claimed the reverse, but neither in the debate on the Speech from the Throne, nor in the debate on the Budget did they challenge the Government's position by an amendment.

Seventy-one bills have been passed during the session. Many are amendments to existing acts, but others, such as the Insurance Act and the Municipal Districts Act, constitute a complete revision of the acts previously in force.

For the first time in a number of years, the public accounts showed a surplus of revenue over income, the amount being $188,619.00, the second largest surplus in the Province's history.

LETHBRIDGE NORTHERN ON BETTER BASIS

The Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, which has been a problem of the Province since 1910, will probably, as a result of steps taken this session, cease to be the drain on the Province that it has been in the past.

Another commitment of the past, the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation scheme, has been placed on a better business basis, and although the Province will for a number of years assist the farmers of that area to meet the interest on the indebtedness of the district, settlement has proceeded very rapidly, and all in the south country feel very hopeful about the ultimate success of the project.

The bill transferring to the Province its natural resources has been carried to the committee stage, and only awaits the taking of similar action in the Dominion House and the consent of the Imperial Parliament to become law. Agreement has been reached between the Governments concerned on the principle of the bill. The Provincial Assembly will meet on or about May 5 to consider any amendments that may be inserted by the Dominion.

The Farm Loan legislation is also awaiting action of the Dominion authorities.

A railway extension of 27 miles into the fertile Pembina section has been authorized, as also short extensions to the A. & G. W. and the Lacombe and North-Western Railways.

The Province has asked the Dominion for a license to enable it to control development of the Spray Lakes power site, and also that the Board of Public Utility Commissioners of the Province shall have jurisdiction of the leasing of [illegible]

RAPID PROGRESS IN ROAD CONSTRUCTION

A further extensive program of building highways and market roads throughout the Province has been authorized.

Despite representations made by both prohibitionists and hotelkeepers, the Government decided to make no changes in the Liquor Act, on the ground that the act had not yet had a fair trial, also that petitioners had the Direct Legislation Act available.

Discussion of the Geo. P. Smith case proved that no political move attached to the prosecution.

The Legislature has decided to apply the interest on the $112,000 which is the Province's share of the Canada Wheat Board's surplus, to the development of co-operative marketing, and to agricultural research.

The telephone system is showing an increase in income and decrease in operating costs, but owing to excessive capitalization caused by large expenditures in 1921 for colonization telephones, an inquiry is being instituted into the whole telephone situation, with a view of putting the system on a business basis, as regards capitalization and rates.

The redistribution committee, representative of all shades of opinion in the Assembly which was appointed last year, failed to agree, the Liberals being against changes at the present time. Consequently, the changes made will be confined to the separation of rural from urban areas in the Medicine Hat, Calgary and Edmonton districts.

There will be no increase in taxation this year. The supplementary tax levy will be reduced by approximately 20 per cent. by reason of reduced assessments.

NEW LEGISLATION OF RECENT SESSION

The provisions of the Mothers' Allowance Act will be extended to wives whose husbands are totally incapacitated.

For the assistance of primary education, a new system of graded school grants has been authorized, which will be of great assistance in parts of the Province where settlement is sparse, or crops have been light. The Education Act has been amended to allow the department to undertake the supplying of school books to pupils and others, which should do much to reduce the cost of books.

Regulations affecting the drilling of oil and gas wells will, it is hoped, encourage the development of an industry which promises much for the prosperity of the Province.

The principle of a nine-hour day for labor is now incorporated in the statutes of the Province, and a commission has been appointed to investigate the practicability or otherwise of the eight-hour day in this Province.

Increased protection is given to widows under the amendments to the Dower Act passed at this session.

An Act for the Settlement of Labor Disputes establishes machinery to substitute arbitration for strikes. The act was made necessary by the Dominion Lemieux Act being declared ultra vires, and the Province decided to bring forward an act of their own, as it was felt that long distance supervision of labor disputes from Ottawa was not conducive to speedy settlement of disputes.

LABOR, INDEPENDENT, AND SOME LIBERAL SUPPORT

During the session the Government has had the general support of the two Labor members, and of the Independent member, R. Pearson, of Calgary; while Mrs. Nellie McClung has also supported the Government in the majority of divisions.

The Assembly during the session lost the services of Chas. R. Mitchell, leader of the Opposition, who has been elevated to the Supreme Court Bench. His place has been taken by J. C. Bowen, Edmonton Liberal member. While handicapped by lack of numbers, and by the lack of material for criticism in the Government's administrative and legislative program, the opposition has been fair and of value in the conduct of the work of the Province, the only persistent obstructionist being R. C. Marshall, of Calgary.

Premier Brownlee, in his first session as Premier, has earned a permanent reputation for statesmanship, and has been ably backed by his cabinet and by the other members of the Government. The only criticism to be made is that he has been overworking himself, conducting the offices of Premier and Attorney-General.

BILLS PASSED DURING RECENT SESSION

Herewith is a list of the bills passed into law at this session:

No. 1—Amending the Acts and Ordinances Constituting the Charter of the City of Calgary.

No. 2—Amending the Lethbridge Charter.

No. 3—An Act to Incorporate St. Joseph's College.

No. 4—Amending Chapter 41 of the Statutes of Alberta, 1912 (second session) being an Act to Incorporate the Calgary Young Women's Christian Association.

No. 5—Amending the Acts Constituting Edmonton Charter and to Validate Certain Local Improvement and Other Bylaws of the City of Edmonton.

No. 6—An Act to Incorporate the Edmonton Mutual Building Loan Association, Limited.

No. 7—An Act for the Protection of Persons Employed in Factories, Shops and Office Buildings.

No. 8—An Act to Amend the Seifers Act.

No. 9—Amending Superannuation Act.

No. 10—An Act respecting Insurance.

No. 11—Amending the Municipal Hail Insurance Act.

No. 12—An Act respecting Municipal Districts.

No. 13—Amending the Agricultural Pests Act.

No. 14—Amending the Alberta Evidence Act.

No. 15—Amending the Alberta Pharmaceutical Association Act.

No. 16—Amending the Telephone and Telegraph Act.

No. 17—An Act respecting the Lacombe and Northwestern Railway.

No. 18—An Act respecting the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company.

No. 19—Amending the Dental Association Act.

No. 20—Amending the Societies Act, 1924.

No. 21—An Act to Provide for the Prevention and Suppression of Fires.

No. 22—Amending the Lethbridge Northern Colonization Act.

No. 23—Amending the Irrigation Districts Act.

No. 24—Amending the Drainage Districts Act, 1921.

No. 25—Amending the Noxious Weeds Act.

No. 26—Amending the Vehicles and Highway Traffic Act, 1924.

No. 27—Amending the School Assessment Act.

No. 29—Amending the Judicature Act.

No. 30—Amending the Public Health Act.

No. 31—Amending the Mothers' Allowance Act.

No. 33—Amending the Trustee Act.

No. 34—Amending the Municipal Hospitals Act.

No. 36—Amending the Possessory Liens Act.

No. 37—Amending the Optometry Act.

No. 38—Amending the Hospitals Act.

No. 39—An Act respecting Dogs.

No. 40—Amending the Village Act.

No. 41—Amending the Legal Profession Act.

No. 43—Amending the Stallion Enrolment Act, 1924.

No. 44—Amending the Game Act.

No. 45—Amending the Religious Societies' Lands Act.

No. 46—Amending the Maintenance Order Act.

No. 47—Amending the Bills of Sale Act.

No. 48—An Act to Validate and Confirm an Order of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners.

No. 49—An Act to Provide for the Settlement of Labor Disputes.

No. 50—Amending the Medical Profession Act.

No. 51—Amending the Public Works Department Act.

No. 52—Amending the School Act.

No. 53—Amending the Department of Education Act.

No. 54—Amending the Venereal Diseases Prevention Act.

No. 55—Amending the Domestic Animals (Unorganized Territory) Act.

No. 56—Amending the School Grants Act.

No. 57—Amending the Dower Act.

No. 58—Amending the Corporations Taxation Act.

No. 59—Amending the Provincial Loans Act.

No. 60—Amending the Savings Certificates Act.

No. 61—Amending the Treasury Department Act.

No. 67—An Act to Provide for the Regulation of Oil and Gas Wells.

No. 68—An Act to Authorize the Construction of the Pembina Valley Railway.

No. 64—Amending the Supplementary Revenue Act.

No. 65—Amending the Educational Act.

No. 67—Amending the Timber Areas Tax Act.

No. 70—An Act respecting Advances to Seed Growers.

No. 72—An Act for Raising Money on the Credit of the General Revenue Fund of Alberta.

No. 73—An Act to Validate and Confirm the Levy and Collections of School Taxes in the Municipal District of Springbank, No. 231.

No. 75—Amending an Act to Incorporate the [illegible] Power and Light Company.

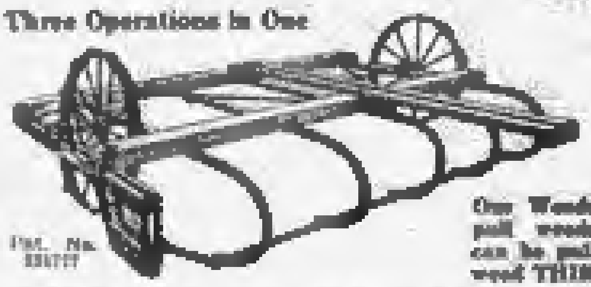
No. 77—Amending the Stock Inspection Act, 1922.

No. 78—An Act respecting the Investment of the Surplus Moneys of the Canadian Wheat Board Received by the Government

SAMSON ROTARY ROD WEEDER

Three Operations in One

A Weeder
A Cultivator
A Packer



Our Weeder will not clog, will pull weeds better than they can be pulled by hand and will weed THIRTY ACRES per day.

BUILT OF STEEL AND DOUGLAS FIR — STRONG AND DURABLE

"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST"

"Weed your land before you seed,
Grow the grain and not the weed."
And you will have your weeder on hand for your summer fallow

SEE OUR LOCAL AGENTS OR WRITE DIRECT

Samson Rotary Rod Weeder, Limited
309 ALBERTA CORNER, CALGARY, ALTA.

CRUNCHY TOAST
for breakfast

Bread made with Robin Hood Flour toasts to a rich, even brown. And the flavor! A heaping plateful is seldom enough to start the family on the day.

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR

Registered Seed Wheat

Registered Marquis Seed Wheat for Sale from $1.75 to $2.00 a Bushel.

Sacks extra.

Apply to
Field Crops Commissioner
Department of Agriculture
Edmonton.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
STRATHMORE HOLSTEINS

Some exceptional young bulls for sale at present, including a number from dams with records of over 20,000 lbs. milk in a year, and sired by our well known herd bulls, winners of numerous championships on the Western Fair Circuit, offering a splendid opportunity to secure a bull with a really high class pedigree, the bulls offered being the result of many years' efforts and consistent breeding to obtain stock capable of large production combined with high butterfat tests. For full particulars, write
G. M. HUTTON, Supt. Agriculture and Animal Industry, C. P. R. Dept. of Natural Resources, Calgary, Alberta,
or
G. H. JONES, Manager C. P. R. Demonstration Farm, Strathmore, Alta.

EATON'S
GROCERY CATALOGUE
EATON'S
SPRING AND SUMMER 1926

FOR THE THRIFTY HOUSEHOLD

To spend in the market where one's money brings greatest returns is a distinguishing mark of successful home financing. And careful finance in the home is an important factor in national prosperity. For the Western household the EATON General and Grocery Catalogues are the ideal mediums through which to shop, offering goods of a quality, value and variety that can suit the tastes and wishes of practically everybody. Especially to the housewife would we say: For good things to cook, buy from the EATON Grocery Catalogue; for good things to cook with, buy from the EATON General Catalogue.

T. EATON C° LIMITED
WINNIPEG - CANADA

Practise Thrift

INVEST IN 4½% DEMAND SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Issued in Denominations of [illegible] and [illegible]. Payable on Demand.

For further particulars, write or apply to

HON. R. G. REID, Provincial Treasurer. W. V. NEWSON, Deputy Provincial Treasurer

Parliament Buildings, EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

of Alberta, and the Use of the Income Therefrom.

No. [illegible]—Amending the Domestic Animals Act (municipalities).

No. [illegible]—Amending the Legislative Assembly Act.

No. [illegible]—An Act respecting the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway and the Central Canada Railway.

Is Telephone System Worth Saving?

John Lund Has Sound Advice on Our Telephones and Other Matters for a Co-Worker

Under the above title an important letter from John A. Lund, of the Barons U.F.A. Local, appeared in a recent issue of the Calgary Albertan. Mr. Lund answers a member of the Local who stated he had left the U.F.A. on account of the action of the Annual Convention in proposing a tax on lands adjacent to telephone lines and makes out a strong case in favor of the Convention resolution.

Mr. Lund has been an active member of the U.F.A. for many years, and his loyal and valued services to the Association are well known. He states in his letter that his Local was many times in the minority upon matters dealt with by the organization, but always realized that it was poor policy to "quit a fight at the first round." Later developments, he states, fully justified the confidence of Barons Local. The only way in which any member or Local who may differ from the majority can ever hope to be effective, Mr. Lund points out, is by staying in the organization and fighting for the policy in which he believes.

As the letter is of exceptional interest, we publish it in full below:

Editor, Calgary Albertan:

I noticed in a Calgary paper that a member of our Local U.F.A. has discovered a cause which may be the reason that the membership of the organization is not what it might be. Anyway, he has found a reason why he no longer can be a member. The reason in his case is that the U.F.A. Convention went on record in favor of taxing all lands adjacent to a telephone line, so as to insure a permanent and serviceable telephone system in the Province.

Now, while I under no circumstances have any desire to censure him for expressing his opinion, and as he happens to be a personal friend, I expect that he will allow me to take issue with him on all points.

Poor Policy to Quit

In the first place, it is poor policy to quit a fight at the first round and to abandon an organization because the majority have a different view from ourselves. The thing to do would be to take the grievance to the Local and thresh it out there to the last thread, and if the verdict still is unfavorable, to keep on fighting within the organization where it would be effective, and if overruled by the majority, abide by it until a more favorable time. No good purpose is served by quitting.

I know from long personal experience both in the Local and in the Conventions that if some of us have an idea that is for sound progress, that idea is not lost, even if ruthlessly thrown out by the majority when first submitted. Nine-tenths of the resolutions submitted by [illegible] canal had which we thought to [illegible] a [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] has [illegible] that are not in my knowledge.

Now Accepted as Matter of Course

And some of these resolutions are now [illegible] as a matter of course [illegible]. For instance, the resolution [illegible] field and a training ground [illegible] organized [illegible] the [illegible] was no form of [illegible] the leading [illegible] to speak, it takes an [illegible] return to the [illegible] Government [illegible] in [illegible] the [illegible] for [illegible] recommended in the U. F. [illegible] passed a resolution [illegible] the matter in one spirit [illegible] was no need to speak [illegible] thereof and it was defeated [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] advocated by the [illegible] all resolutions [illegible]. Please take [illegible] [illegible].

Time to Shirk "Time as Collector"

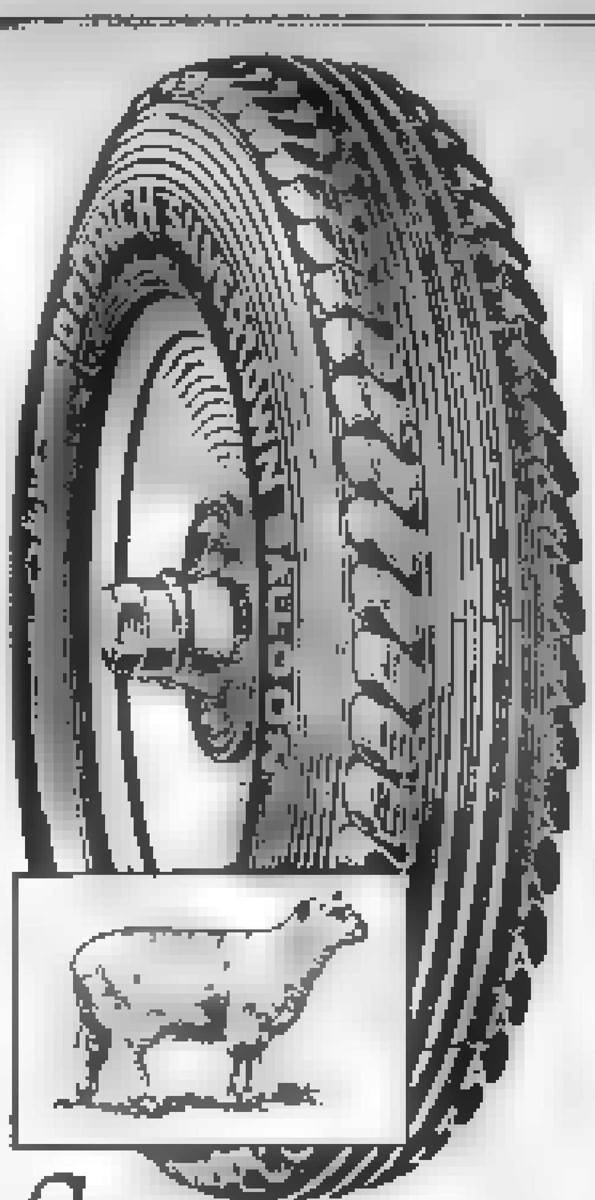
[illegible] in [illegible] when we [illegible]. That is the [illegible] when [illegible] in the elevator [illegible] phone [illegible]. [illegible] what is wanted [illegible] per [illegible] charge his [illegible] [illegible] the pale [illegible] [illegible] who do not want a [illegible] reason [illegible] that does not [illegible] have a [illegible] [illegible] not [illegible].

Increases Value of the Land

[illegible] the land [illegible] and [illegible] have [illegible] my own [illegible] [illegible] land [illegible] member [illegible] in [illegible] would be charged against these lands.

Tax Would Become a Joke

[illegible] no tax by which to make [illegible] will ever give a good [illegible] have a [illegible] are assessed [illegible] all the land tax [illegible] a piece which can be [illegible] and [illegible] land [illegible] are assessed [illegible] would be a small [illegible] become a joke. The amount of



Southdowns & Silvertowns

Both took years to develop. [illegible] Each are hardy and dependable [illegible] both at the head of their class. Like pure-bred animals, Silvertowns are [illegible] in the Long Run.

There's a Goodrich dealer near you

Canadian Goodrich Company, Ltd., Kitchener, Ont.

Goodrich
Silvertown
CORD TIRE
"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"

Save Farm Buildings--

Protect your buildings now and ensure their future with good paint. Paint saves renewal and repair bills.

Stephens paints have been perfected by over 40 years' experience in making paint to suit western conditions. They are dependable, reliable and economical—they give long years of protection and beauty because they are specially made for use here in the West.

Stephens PAINTS

There is a Stephens Paint for every purpose—apply it on your barn, your out-buildings, in your home, on your floors and on your walls: it increases the value of property and preserves it from decay.

Stephens
Barn Paint

Consult the Stephens dealer [illegible] in your community—or write us

G. F. STEPHENS & CO. LIMITED
Paint and Varnish Makers
[illegible] Market Avenue Established [illegible] WINNIPEG

WHEN IN EDMONTON
MAKE
The Corona Hotel
"YOUR" HEADQUARTERS
Rates that are Reasonable

Dr C. E. Messenger
CHIROPRACTOR
Chronic Cases a Specialty
X-Ray Laboratory in Office
Third Floor, [illegible] Limited Block
CALGARY

LUMBER AT SAWMILL PRICES
We can save you money on Lumber, Barn Doors and Windows, etc. [illegible] Prices on request. [illegible] all stations [illegible]
NOR'WEST FARMERS' ASSOCIATE LUMBER CO.
[illegible] Ave., Victoria, B. C.

isolated phones would be so great that the benefit to rural service would be increased a hundredfold and the telephone system of the Province would be so far ahead of any other state or Province as the U.F.A. is ahead of any similar organization in the world.

It would increase the value of our farms more than 20 times the cost of the system, would allow long distance calls at a rate so small that communication between all parts of the Province would be universal. It is the only way our telephone system can be made economical and adequately useful. It would be one more great stride forward along the path of permanent progress of this Province to the credit of the U.F.A., the leader of progressive thought and action in North America. And there are members of this organization who are annoyed when this progress is suggested. It is high time that the Locals [illegible] their standing and become aware that the American continent is watching them. Let us keep our face to the front.

[illegible] JOHN A. LUND

COUNTERING THE MILLERS' AGITATION

Editor, The U.F.A.:

I was surprised to learn at our U.F.A. meeting some time ago that a number of our officers as well as other members are laboring under the impression that an embargo on our wheat going into the U.S. would benefit us.

Their argument is that our wheat going through the U.S. in bond for milling and being exported to the European markets was an unfair competition to our dear Canadian millers.

As this idea may have been prevalent in other places the articles covering this aspect of the situation by President Wood will undoubtedly have done real good in the organization.

W. D. [illegible]

Arrowwood, Alta.

CAN'T FOOL THESE BOYS

Editor, The U.F.A.:

Do you not think "The Observer" in the Alberta Farmer is somewhat of a minstrel singing songs to somebody?

We farmers take his taffy as very nice; he has said many agreeable things, but when he takes us for a cat's paw to draw the millers' chestnuts out of the fire, he has another guess coming. Now is the time we appreciate the U.F.A. men at Ottawa. They can't fool these boys and we are going to back them.

H. [illegible] FICHT

Lamont, Alta.

RAISE $[illegible] AT CONCERT

[illegible] U.F.W.A., though only organized in January last, has now [illegible] members, writes Mrs. [illegible], the secretary. Meetings are well attended and at each meeting new members join the Local. On March [illegible]th a supper and concert was given in conjunction with the U.F.A. Local. A good crowd attended despite the condition of the roads and $[illegible] was added to the U.F.W.A. treasury.

DISCUSS HOME MANAGEMENT

Home management and the buying of supplies in large quantities was the subject of a round table discussion at the last meeting of [illegible] U.F.W.A. Local.

THE U.F.A. RESOLUTIONS AGAINST GLORIFICATION OF WAR

[illegible]

And Against Physical Training

[illegible]

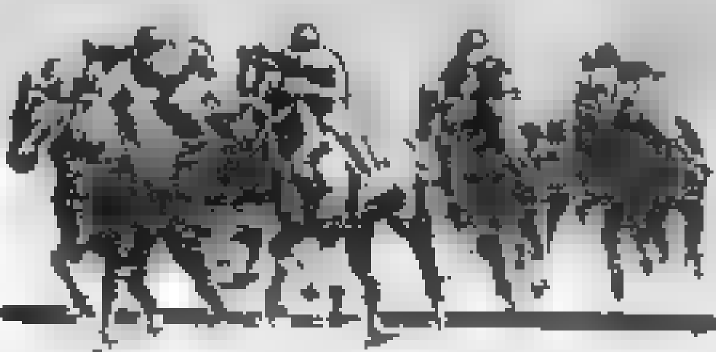
Armed Doom

[illegible] Therefore as [illegible] follows that Canada's [illegible] the common people.

Against Imperialistic Wars

[illegible]

(Continued on page 17)



The Sport of Kings!

Come to The Races!

CALGARY

May 22 to June 9

[illegible]

14 Days of Racing!

SEVEN RACES EVERY DAY

Rain or Shine

[illegible]

300 THOROUGHBRED HORSES

30 HIGH CLASS [illegible]

$40,000.00 IN PURSES

FEATURE HANDICAP EVERY DAY

[illegible]

PARI-MUTUAL SYSTEM

SERVICE

Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited

HEAD OFFICE : CALGARY

Branch Offices, WINNIPEG, MAN., VANCOUVER, B.C.

Albertan Offers Weak Defence of Gross Misuse of Figures Concerning Cypress

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

PALMER CHAMBERS CO. LTD.
In the LONG RED PACKAGE

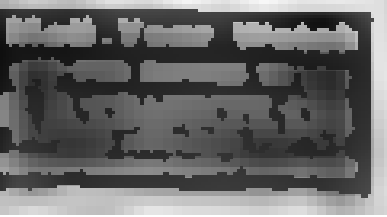
Palmer Chambers Co. Ltd.

FUL-O-PEP

CHICK STARTER

[illegible]

CROWN FEED & GRAIN Co.



News of the Organization

Activities of Locals and District Associations and Information From Central Office—Notes on Co-operation

Didsbury Votes $75 to Election Fund

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

To Secure Class "B" Creamery, Monitor

[illegible]

[illegible]

U.F.A. Government Steadily Eradicating the Weeds and Waste From Public Affairs in This Province

[illegible]

[illegible]

Resolution of Hudson Heights Deficient in Logic

[illegible]

hold this office for an indefinite period. (What is meant by indefinite period?)

4. That the period of salaried office-holding by any one person is limited to three years. (Another arbitrary judgment).

5. That the chairmanship of the Wheat Pool is a job that requires the chairman's undivided attention. (This may be true, but presupposes intimate knowledge both of the chairman's job and the chairman's capacities.)

6. That the U. F. A. is in a critical condition. (In what sense critical? Its membership is now increasing.)

7. That the undivided efforts of the Executive would tend to mitigate this crisis. (This involves, most clearly of all, the general fallacy underlying the whole argument, namely, that the welfare of the U. F. A. depends primarily on the efforts of its appointed officers.)

There is an ancient Greek legend which may serve to throw some light on the somewhat puzzling psychology of the Hudson Heights resolutions. The custom of ostracism was a device whereby any citizen of Athens could register his wish to have a political leader displaced and banished. The story goes that one Aristides, surnamed "The Just" from his wise rule, met a man one day who asked him for assistance in writing the name of Aristides on his shell. "What have you against Aristides?" was the question. "Oh, nothing in particular," said the man, "but I am sick and tired of always hearing him called 'Aristides the Just'". Thereupon the ruler calmly inscribed his name on the tablet. It is not at all unlikely that Henry Wood "the Wise" would be quite ready to follow this example.

J. E. LUNDBERG, Secretary.
Ekville Local U. F. A., April 2, 1928.

DEBATE AT STRATHCONA

"Is Modern Civilization a Failure?" was the subject of a debate by members of the Strathcona U.F.W.A. Local at a recent meeting. Mrs. Frampton and Mrs. Roberts, who upheld the negative side, were adjudged the winners by a narrow margin. Mrs. D. J. Christie, in whose home the meeting was held, gave a report on the convention held in Wetaskiwin on March 11th. Mrs. Tomlinson gave a paper on current events, and Mrs. R. E. Hosford gave a humorous reading.

THE U.F.A. RESOLUTIONS AGAINST GLORIFICATION OF WAR

(Continued from page 13)

noting this tendency, the common people must endeavor to secure educational reforms which will permit such change of interpretation of historic and economic events and would enable the rising generation to see clearly the utter folly of imperialistic teaching and training. By correct interpretation of history and economics, we will be able to develop a new ideology, and by physical training fitness, and through this preparation the rising generation would, whenever conditions demand it, be sure to fight in the interest of human liberation from unjust conditions.

Although we as producers fervently hope for the attainment of "peace on earth and good will toward men," nevertheless it is wise to be prepared for all eventualities. Those who want to be free must themselves strike the blow. By teaching and developing correct ideas this can be accomplished. "As a man thinketh so is he," therefore it stands to reason that correct ideas will promote right action towards this end, and each of us must learn to do our part.

Bergville, Alta. CARL AXELSON.

Make the
Old Homestead
New Again

Of course you cherish the memories of the happy days that are associated with everything in your home.

Protect and Renew Wood Surfaces With Paint!

MIRACLE is a new protection for wood surfaces—both inside or outside of the home. It gives a sure and superior finish wherever used.

Anyone can apply **MIRACLE**—you don't need to be an expert, there is only one quality and it covers an unusually large surface per quart.

MIRACLE 777
is made from an old English recipe and contains only Gums and Kauri Gums, Linseed and China Wood Oil, Turpentine and Dryers.

A few weeks' time with a paint brush and a tin of **MIRACLE** will make any place look new again—anybody can apply it. The same Finish or Varnish from any tin may be used on any surface—use it on any woodwork, furniture or motor cars.

The
MIRACLE
VARNISHES
and **FINISHES**

Every can is guaranteed to give satisfaction. MIRACLE Varnish is made in clear and eight transparent stain colors. MIRACLE Finishes are made in 16 beautiful colors.

Ask Your Dealer for MIRACLE

Makes Hens Lay!

Keep your poultry in healthy, vigorous condition with
CHICKADEE
[illegible]
for **POULTRY**

Increases Egg Production
Rich in vitamins which stimulate the appetite and aid digestion.
Ask your Poultry Supply Dealer.
Send for free booklet.
E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
Toronto, Canada.

Makes Poultry Pay!

BARLEY
SELECTED No. 1 6-ROWED
O. A. C. VARIETY
Suitable for Seeding.
For Samples and Prices
Write
The Canada Malting Company Ltd.
713 LANCASTER BLDG.
CALGARY

CARTESIAN ECONOMICS
THE INVERSION OF SCIENCE
Two pamphlets by Frederick Soddy, M.A., F.R.S., price 20 cents each.
U. F. A. Central Office, Calgary.

FARM LANDS

IRRIGATION IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA offers an opportunity for farmers in the new Lethbridge Northern Irrigation District where schools, churches, coal mines, rural telephones, and splendid roads already exist. A well settled community, no pioneering. The district is cut by three branch railway lines. Land sold on crop payments at $10.00 to $25.00 per acre. Water payments spread over fifty years. Applicants must have own equipment and qualifications of farm experience. This is a proposition for real farmers who appreciate the value of irrigation as crop insurance. State fully what equipment you have and your experience. Apply, Colonization Manager, 317 Alberta Government Bldg., Lethbridge, Alberta.

FARM MACHINERY

FOR SALE—JOHN DEERE SULKY WITH 14-in. breaker bottom; used very little. Peter Solberg, Carolside, Alta.

SELLING REBUILT 20-40 OIL PULL AND 28-44 Rumely Ideal Thresher in very good condition. Apply Pete Tennis, Wetaskiwin, Alta.

TRADE IN YOUR OLD CREAM SEPARATOR on a new Viking. Get our Calgary price and save money. Cushman Farm Equipment Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, EVERYBODY'S FAVORITE (Red) one of the best early potatoes grown. Morning Star (Red), Snowdrop White (Early), Netted Gem, $1.25 per bu. Stauffer's Western Beauty, a new variety developed by the grower, medium early, eyes shallow, extremely heavy yielder (White), $1.50 per bu. f.o.b., sacks included. Jos. Stauffer, Olds, Alta.

NURSERY STOCK

CALGARY GROWN TREES, SHRUBS, Cannas, Perennials and Dahlias; Annuals, Tomato, Cabbage and Cauliflower plants in season. Geo. Horn Nursery, 1319 11th Ave. W., Calgary. Phone W[illegible].

HARDY ACCLIMATED EVERBEARING Strawberry plants, $2.00 per 100 postpaid, $15.00 per 1,000; express charges prepaid. Konrad Wigen, Wynndel, B.C.

RASPBERRIES, FOUR DOLLARS PER 100. J. Gillham, Cavendish, Alta.

YEARLY (STRAWBERRY) RHUBARB plants. Ten, $1.00 delivered. Satisfaction guaranteed. Aspen Glen Farm, Faust, Alta.

SEED GRAIN, ETC.

FIRST GENERATION REGISTERED VICTORY oats (prize winning strain). $1.25 per bushel, f.o.b. Jos. H. D. Smith, Wolf Creek, Alberta.

WHITE BLOSSOM SWEET CLOVER, thoroughly cleaned and scarified, bagged 8½ cents a lb. Kabat Bros., Tofield, Alta.

BROME GRASS SEED, BEST QUALITY, 8 cents. H. C. Hallman, Austin Valley, Alta.

BROME GRASS SEED—HIGHEST GRADE. First Prize Provincial Seed Fair. $8.00 per 100. Alex Blackwood, DeWinton, Alta.

LUMBER AND FENCE POSTS

CEDAR POSTS—CAR LOTS, DELIVERED your station. E. Hall, Solsqua, B.C.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, FENCE POSTS, poles, cordwood and slabs. Write for delivered prices. Enterprise Lumber Co., Vancouver, B. C.

SPECIAL OFFER IN SEED GRAIN
TO U.F.A LOCALS

The Government Cleaning and Grading Plant has a quantity of Dominion Government Tested No. 1 grade Improved seed Victory and Banner oats, raised in Alberta, for sale. Price for car load shipments in bulk 60¢ per bu.

The balance of our registered Marquis wheat can be bought for $1.90 per bu. loose in cars.

A quantity of third generation Victory oats still available at 90¢. If sacked, Oat sacks 22¢—Wheat sacks 24¢ extra.

For particulars apply to

W. J. STEPHEN
Field Crops Commissioner,
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, EDMONTON.

FOR SALE
FARM MACHINERY USED FOR INSTRUCTIONAL PURPOSES.
Very little worn, some parts short.
1 Heavy Cockshutt Plow, Four bottom, in good condition.
1 La Crosse Plow, Two bottom, in fair condition.
1 Hamilton Plow, Two bottom, in fair condition.
1 John Deere Plow, Single bottom, in fair condition.
1 John Deere Plow, Two bottom, in good condition.
1 Cockshutt Plow, Two bottom, in fair condition.
1 Massey Harris Seed Drill for Tractor, some parts missing, in fair condition.
1 Cockshutt Seed Drill, some parts missing, in fair condition.
1 Army Water Tank, in good condition.
Apply to Provincial Institute of Technology and Art,
Calgary, Alberta.

Taxes on Autos Are Reduced by Budget

Chief Provisions of Federal Budget—Income Taxes Lowered

As stated in the article by G. G. Coote, M.P., published in this issue, the budget brought down in the House of Commons on April 15th by Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance, shows a net reduction in the national debt during the year of $22,353,000.

Reduction in the tariff on automobiles, reduction in income tax, and a return to penny postage, were other important features of the budget. The tariff on automobiles, motor trucks and motor cycles up to $1,200 in value is reduced from 35 per cent. to 20 per cent.; and on automobiles of more than $1,200 in value, from 35 to 27½ per cent. On April 19th the Ford Motor Co. announced through the press reductions in the prices of their automobiles, as follows: touring car, $25; runabout, $15; sport roadster, $30; coupe, $40; Tudor, $45; Fordor, $45; light delivery truck, $20; chassis, $30; truck, $40.

Incomes up to $3,000 in the case of married persons or other persons supporting certain relatives, and up to $1,500 for other persons, are exempt from taxation under the proposed budget. The tax on an income of $4,000 (married person without dependent) is reduced from $40 to $20; on $10,000 from $619.50 to $290; on $50,000 from $9,649.50 to $6,380. It is proposed to make these changes effective in regard to the year 1926.

The receipt tax will be abolished, and the sales tax will be removed from a number of articles.

ALL JOIN POULTRY POOL

Practically every farmer present at a meeting held in Aetna recently joined the Poultry Pool. An address was given by F. Stacey, of the Department of Agriculture, stressing the necessity of securing bred-to-lay strains of poultry, of proper housing and feeding, culling, etc. The idea of a community hatchery was favorably received, states R. H. May, in reporting the meeting, and if a plan can be evolved that will not entail too great an expense to the individual farmer, probably 1927 will see a hatchery established in the Cardston district.

REORGANIZE LOCAL NEAR STETTLER

Liberal Local, in the Stettler district, has been reorganized, with A. E. Pierce as secretary.

ALBERTAN OFFERS WEAK DEFENCE OF GROSS MISUSE OF FIGURES CONCERNING CYPRESS

(Continued from page 14)

ions at the present time. Among these are:

Provincial Control of Natural Resources.
Development of Spray Lakes.
Provincial Control of Companies and Charters.
Northern Railway situation, with special relation to a coast outlet for the Peace River.
Revaluation of Soldiers' Lands.

Is the inactivity on these matters at U. F. A. Edmonton or at Liberal Ottawa?

CLASSIFIED SECTION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in this section for three cents per word per insertion. Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word. Orders for classified advertisements must be accompanied by cash, and must reach us at least eight days in advance of date of publication.

Address all correspondence to "The U. F. A.", Lougheed Bldg., Calgary, Alta.

POULTRY

HEAVY LAYING STRAIN R.C. REDS—Cockerels sired by R.O.P. birds. Fine colored. Eggs $10.00 per hundred. Mrs. R. B. Jones, Gleichen.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS—Cockerels, baby chicks, eggs; mating list. Wetherall, 3621 13A St. West, Calgary.

SELLING BRED TO LAY BARRED ROCK hatching eggs, from Ontario Government birds. $1.50 per 15; incubator lots, $1.00 dozen. J. H. Davison, Claresholm, Alta.

PURE BRED BUFF ORPINGTON BRED to lay eggs from real producers, $2.00 per setting of 15. Mrs. F. C. Lowe, Nanton.

BARRED ROCK HATCHING EGGS FROM Lethbridge Experimental Farm strain, $2.00 per 15. Mr. Dean Larson, Box 91, Raymond, Alta.

BARRED ROCKS — AWARDED FIRST prize hen, Alberta laying contest, 1924-1925. Hatching eggs from 24 oz. stock mated to brothers of above hen, $2.00, two settings $3.50. Lisvil Rush, Purple Springs, Alta.

WHITE WYANDOTTE HATCHING EGGS from stock from Martin's best "Dorcas" matings; dam's records 260 to 287; sires, New York State Fair winners. Price 20c per egg. Satisfaction or money refunded. J. A. Larson, Fort Saskatchewan, Alta.

WHITE WYANDOTTE HATCHING EGGS. $1.25 Setting. Mrs. Myrtle Anning, Anning, Alta.

PURE BRED BARRED ROCK HATCHING eggs. University strain; headed by Lethbridge cockerels. $1.50 per 15. A. McLean, Runnymede, Alta.

HATCHING EGGS, BARRED ROCK, SAME strain as pen holding 2nd place in Lethbridge Experimental Farm contest February this year. $2.00 setting. E. Randall, Haynes, Alta.

BARRED ROCK EGGS, ALBERTA UNIversity strain. $2.00 setting 15. Ten per cent. discount incubator lots. Cockerels $5.00. Mrs. A. W. Harris, Olds, Alta.

WHITE WYANDOTTE HATCHING EGGS from Martin's best "Dorcas" pens; high egg production; prize winning stock; satisfaction guaranteed. Price $2.00 setting, three settings $5.00. Ernest Kreuzler, Freedom P. O., Alberta.

S.C. RHODE ISLAND RED, BARRED PLYmouth Rock. Baby chicks and hatching eggs. Hatching eggs, $2.00 per setting of 15; $10.00 per hundred. For April hatch chicks, $25.00 per hundred; for May and June, $20.00 per hundred. C. P. R. Demonstration Farm, Strathmore, Alta.

BROWN LEGHORN, BUFF ORPINGTON settings $1.25. 235 25th Avenue northeast, Calgary.

BARRED ROCKS 200-300 EGG STRAIN, same as my 1925-26 contest pen. $7.50 and $4 per fifteen. H. Higginbotham, Calgary.

CLOVERSET FARM, EDMONTON, HATCHing eggs — Buff Orpingtons, Jersey Giants, Barred Rocks, Anconas, Hollywood White Leghorns. $6.00 per 15. Also Tamworth hogs.

BABY CHICKS FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorns, 20c each. Barred Rocks, White Wyandottes, April delivery, 30c, May delivery, 25c, June delivery, 20c each. Poultry Branch,

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Edmonton. Phone [illegible].

AGENTS WANTED

MEN—AGE 18 TO 60—EARN $15.00 DAILY. See Saturday Evening Post, April 10th, page 102. Write immediately for territory. Nugar Co., Toronto, Montreal or Vancouver.

MISCELLANEOUS

PEDIGREE AIREDALE PUPPIES; GOOD guards; reasonable. 235 25th Avenue northeast, Calgary.

HEAVEN AND HELL. SWEDENBORG'S great work on the life after death and a real world beyond. Over 400 pages. Only 25c postpaid. B. M. Law, 486 Euclid Avenue, Toronto.

FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS FREE with our famous Teas and Coffees, at very moderate prices. Freight paid on $25.00 grocery orders. Write for catalogue today; it's free. Frise Grocery Stores, Calgary.

MEATS CURED. I'M NOW TAKING ORders for my famous Danish Summer-sausage. Hogs and beef cured and smoked at reasonable rates. Specialize in custom work. Rates on request. Joe De Groot, 612 Third Avenue west, Phone M6377, Calgary.

FOR SALE—5-TON CHATHAM SCALES. Good working order. Apply Sec.-Treas. U. F. A., Calahoo.

WANTED—REGISTERED SCOTCH COLlie dog, one or two years old. Must be sable and white. State price and qualifications. Mary Dunn, Granum, Alta.

FOR SALE — NOTHING SO GOOD AS Sno-Sil. Quick and harmless. No soda. New discovery. Cleans everything. Whitens white clothes. Great for colors. Keeps hands soft and white. Makes wash day easy. Makes any water soft instantly. Send one dollar for four large packages. You need the best. Chemical Products Co., Edmonton.

SWINE

DUROC JERSEY WEANLINGS—MARCH farrow, prices on request. Apply early to C. E. Orr, Millet, Alberta.

LIVESTOCK

PEDIGREED SUFFOLK STALLION, RISing six; first prize Edmonton. Percy Williams, Bruderheim.

TWO REGISTERED HEREFORD BULLS; excellent breeding and conformation. Percy Williams, Bruderheim.

DISPERSING HERD, REGISTERED ABERdeen Angus cattle, $75.00 per head. L. McComb, Huxley, Alta.

PURE BRED AYRSHIRE BULL CALVES, $20.00 to $25.00. James Allan, Hughenden, Alta.

CLYDESDALE STALLION, REGISTERED, eight years, sure foal getter. His colts are his best recommend; gentle yet lively. Jos. H. Thompson, Hayter, Alta.

HEALTH

PLEASANT ROOT EASILY, INEXPENsively overcomes any tobacco habit. Send address. A. C. Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.

PILES WITH CONSTIPATION CURED. Cause removed, one office treatment sufficient. Dr. M. E. Church, Calgary.

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOODS to be had at Frise Grocery Stores, Calgary. Sole agents for Western Canada. Write for the book, "Healthful Living"; it's free.

CLEANERS AND DYERS

GARMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF all kinds cleaned or dyed. Price list and information upon request. Empire Cleaning & Dyeing Co., Ltd., 234-236 Twelfth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

FENCE POSTS, POLES, PICKETS,
FUEL WOOD
Write for delivered prices.
NORTH WEST COAL CO., Edmonton

LEGAL AND PATENTS

SHORT, ROSS, SELWOOD, SHAW
& MAYHOOD
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries,
Imperial Bank Bldg., Calgary

W. H. SELLAR
Barrister and Solicitor
[illegible] 8TH AVE. W., CALGARY
Phone M[illegible] Res. W[illegible]

FORD, MILLER & HARVIE, BARRISTERS, Solicitors and Patent Attorneys and Agents for all countries. 307 Alberta Corner, Calgary. Patent drawings and applications prepared by our own staff, ensuring secrecy and prompt service.

CANCER

and Tumors successfully treated (removed) without knife or pain. All work guaranteed. Come, or write for Free Sanatorium Book. Dr. WILLIAMS SANATORIUM [illegible] University Av., Minneapolis, Minn.

Imitations at best are imitations.
Substitutions seldom satisfy.
Insist on having
Blue Ribbon Tea
5

The New Process

Motor Oil

Marks the beginning of a new Era in Motor Lubrication

TODAY you are offered a new and entirely different lubricating oil for your motor—MARVELUBE MOTOR OIL.

Here is a lubricant made by an entirely new process from Peruvian Crude Oil—the world's finest crude oil.

Four years of research, of rigid test and comparisons in laboratory and on the road, have proved Marvelube superior in every respect to any other motor oil ever produced.

Marvelube surpasses all the old standards that have, for so long, stood as the measure of lubricating value—sets new standards all its own. Outstanding among these is its proven ability to successfully combat carbon deposits in your motor.

It is made in six grades, including Marvelube "F" for Fords, to lubricate properly every make and model of automobile, motor truck, tractor, motorcycle and motor boat.

Marvelube is now on sale at Imperial Oil stations and by good dealers everywhere in Canada.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

Send for this Booklet

"A New Era in Motor Lubrication" tells you the story of Marvelube and shows why this new motor oil can return your car's pep and power, and protect it from repair expense and deterioration. You are entitled to a copy of this booklet free. Write for it today.

Please send me the booklet "A New Era in Motor Lubrication."

Name ____________________

Address ____________________

____

____

IMPERIAL

Marvelube

MOTOR OIL

Successfully combats Carbon

MARKET EXAMINER PRESS, CALGARY